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From Tuesday November 7. to Saturday November 11. 1721.

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 11*th* Day of *November*, 1721.

PRESENT,

The King's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

This Day his Grace James Duke of Chandos, the Right Honourable David Earl of Portmore, and Charles Lord Cornwallis, were, by His Majesty's Command, sworn of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and took their Places at the Board accordingly.

His Grace the Duke of Chandos likewise took the Oaths as Lord Lieutenant of the Counties of Hereford and Radnor.

Paris, Nov. 15. On the 13th Instant the Duke d'Ossuna, Ambassadour Extraordinary from the King of Spain, had his first publick Audience of his most Christian Majesty; in which he complimented his Majesty upon his Marriage agreed on with the Infanta, and in the Name of the King of Spain asked Mademoiselle de Montpensier in Marriage for the Prince of Asturias; to which his Majesty consented. The same Day that Duke had his first publick Audience of the Duke Regent. To-Morrow the Contract of Marriage between the Prince of Asturias and Mademoiselle de Montpensier, is to be signed. The following Extract of the Advices relating to the Plague received by the Court to the 12th Instant, has been communicated to the foreign Ministers.

Provence. The Marquess de Cailus writes the 27th, 28th, and 30th of October, That the good State of Health in Provence increases daily, and that by the End of the Year the Plague will probably be no more heard of there. The Infirmaries at Arles were to be shut up the 4th of November. And Quarantain was performing every where, except at Besse and Roquebuissanne which were the last infected, and where now and then some fall sick still. M. le Bret writes the 29th of October, That there are none sick in Provence, but at Besse, Roquebuissanne, and Neoules. The Hospital at Toulon called la Charité was empty, and was perfuming in order to re-admit the Poor.

The Comtat. M. de Chabrillan the King's Lieutenant in Dauphiné writes the 28th and 31st of October from Montelimart, that the Letters he had received from Avignon dated the 26th of October, advised, that the Mortality and the Number of the Sick had increased the preceeding Days. That the Distemper has almost ceased at Orange, where in 15 Days but one Capuchin and a Woman had died of it. He had Advice, that the Plague had ceased at Bedarides and Chateauneuf du Pape. The People had brought themselves to talk of the Plague and to hear of its Approach, with less Terrour than formerly. M. Dorsay Intendant in Dauphiné writes, that at Orange the Distemper decreases considerably. That at Avignon but seven or eight Persons die of a Day: The Plague decreases likewise in other Places of the Comtat; but a Country-House at Carpentras had been newly invested by a Guard.

The Gevaudan. M. de Rothe Lieutenant-General at St. Ambroise, writes the 29th and 31st of October, that from the 27th to the 29th two Persons had died in the Suburbs of Alais and two in the Town; the 29th and 30th ten died in the Suburbs, and two in the Town one of which had Marks of Contagion. There were 19 sick in the Suburbs and four in the Town, all either of great Age or very young. At Marvejols six had died between the 23d and 26th, none of those who had sickened newly escaped. Mende continues in a very bad State, and the Contagion has spread into some of its neighbouring Villages. At St. Genaix 15 had died from the 25th to the 27th, and the sick increased daily. The Stuffs and other Goods most susceptible of Contagion had been all burnt at la Canourgue. At St. Leger de Peyre 100 Persons have died from the beginning of the Sickness to the 25th of October. The Lines are most carefully guarded, and the Tropos continue in good Health. M. d'Iverny writes the 28th of October, that he had by searching satisfied himself that there is no contagious Distemper in the Villages of Monteil and Mejaune near Alais. M. de Rambion writes the 28th of October, that the Line of the Vivaretz is perfectly well kept. M. de Bernage in his Letter of the 31st of October sends an Extract of the Advices he had received importing, that on the 27th 14 Persons died at Mende, and on the 28th by Noon 13; and giving the same Account as does M. de Rothe of the other Places infected. M. de Joviac writes the 31st of October, that excepting St. Genaix and the Suburbs of Alais, all the rest of the Vivaretz enjoys perfect Health; and that the Lines in that Country had not any where been broken through. The Marquess de Lignerac in his Letter of the 31st of October sends one which the Abbot d'Angle had written to him from the Gevaudan the 28th, advising, That the Distemper had ceased at Villerousset and in two other Villages. That of 20 Houses in the Parish of Altier near Villefort, but three were infected, and it was hoped the Distemper would soon cease. That Abbot had sent to Mende 12000 Bushels of Rye, which the Bishop had given to the Poor; in that Town were 50 sick and 36 recovering. The Sickness had got into two Villages within half a League of Mende, the one of 12 the other of 20 Houses. The Distemper was ceasing at several Places, particularly at Marvejes; but of 2800 Souls which were in it the 10th of August, about 1500 were dead, about 600 had gone and lived without the Town and had escaped the Distemper, 450 who staid in it had been sick of it but recovered, and 200 had not had it at all. The Villages of Chabalier, Alteyrac, and Crousel, have no longer any sick in them. La Canourgue is entirely disinfected.

Whitehall, November 11.

On the 8th Instant the Lord Carteret one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, the Ministers Plenipotentiary of the Emperour, the most Christian King, and the King of Spain, had a Conference: When the Ministers of his Imperial Majesty and of his Catholick Majesty, exchanged their respective Masters Renunciations; and received from the Lord Carteret and the French Minister, their Britannick and most Christian Majesties Guaranties of those Renunciations.

Whitehall, Nov. 11. 1721.

The House of Commons of Ireland having by their Address this Session, bearing Date the 28th of October last, represented to his Grace the Duke of Grafton, Lord Lieutenant of that Kingdom, the great Necessity there is, during the present Infection abroad, for the immediate Attendance of all Military Officers who are upon the Establishment of Ireland, and are now out of the said Kingdom; This is therefore to give Notice to all such Military Officers, That it is His Majesty's Pleasure, they do immediately repair to their respective Posts in Ireland, as they will answer the contrary at their Peril, such only excepted as shall have obtained His Majesty's special Licence of Absence. CARTERET.

Whitehall, Nov. 11, 1721.

The Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Townshend, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, having received a Letter subscribed J. S. and dated Nov. 6, 1721. proposing certain Matters, the effecting of which would be of great Service to the publick Revenue; If the subscriber of the said Letter will attend his Lordship at his Office at the Cockpit, his Proposal will be kindly received, and he may be assured of suitable Encouragement if the same appears to be practicable.

The Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury having appointed some of the Managers of the Lottery for the Year 1721, to take in the Tickets belonging to the said Lottery, and deliver out Certificates in lieu thereof, payable by the Chief Cashier of the Bank, according to the Directions of the Act of Parliament in that behalf; The Managers so appointed

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